

Correction

On p. 148 of my summary paper, in line 8a, "Bot. S. C. & Ga. 2:44." should read: Bot. S. C. & Ga. 2:441.—Edwin B. Smith, Department of Botany & Bacteriology, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, Arkansas, 72701.

CYPERUS SURINAMENSIS (CYPERACEAE): NEW TO ARKANSAS, KANSAS, AND OKLAHOMA—Collections of *Cyperus surinamensis* Rottb. in the United States are thus far known only from the Coastal Plain, ranging from South Carolina to Florida, west to Texas. Additional collections can now be reported from inland states of Arkansas, Kansas, and Oklahoma. ARKANSAS. Jefferson Co.: growing in mud near water, on NW corner of Boyd's Island, Arkansas River, Pine Bluff, Locke, 31 Aug 1975 (UARK). KANSAS. Harvey Co.: wet roadside ditch, sandy soil, 3 mi E and 2 mi N of Burton, Stephens 19167, 11 Oct 1967 (SMU, UARK). Reno Co.: SW of Hutchinson, Shanks, 27 May 1945 (SMU). OKLAHOMA. Choctaw Co.: above water line of Roebuck Lake in sandy soil, Murphy, 8 Jul 1952 (SMU). Marshall Co.: infrequent, margins of Lake Texoma, Univ. of Okla. Biol. Sta., Goodman 5761, 4 Aug 1953 (SMU). Texas collections are common from the coast and inland to Robertson Co. but rare from north central Texas (Tarrant & Dallas Cos., ca. 400 miles inland). The Oklahoma collections are ca. 80 miles north of this; those in Kansas, ca. 300 miles. This puts Kansas collections ca. 750 miles inland, somewhat out of the expected range of the species. Specimens reported here were misidentified as *C. acuminatus*, a species superficially resembling *C. surinamensis*—Barney Lipscomb, Herbarium Southern Methodist University, Dallas, TX 75275.